

Town of Woodstock
Select Board Special
Meeting April 11, 2022
9:00 am
Town Hall & Zoom
Agenda

- A.** Call to order
- B.** Additions to & deletions from posted agenda
- C.** Citizen Comments
- D.** New business
 - 1. Approval of loan for South Woodstock Wastewater Treatment Construction
 - 2. Appointment of Steven Bauer as Interim Zoning Administrator
- E.** Other business
- F.** Adjournment

This Meeting will be held on Zoom

The link to join us is

<https://us02web.zoom.us/j/84782406503?pwd=UXAzWnJxaEE0MzJaMlBKeHJPUjB6QT09>

or from zoom.us you can enter these details to join the meeting

Meeting ID: 847-8240-6503

Password: 247624

You can also download the Zoom app on your smartphone

For those without a computer or smartphone you may call in:

Phone number: 646 558 8656

Meeting ID: 847-8240-6503

Password: 247624

For Help on Joining Use this Link:

<https://support.zoom.us/hc/en-us/articles/201362193-Joining-a-Meeting>

- Please join the meeting ten minutes prior to start, so we can give technical help if needed.
- We will ask everyone on the phone and zoom to identify themselves, so we know who is present.
- Please raise your hand on the Participant tab to comment or ask a question.
- Press *9 to raise your hand by phone

Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the
requester. Do not
send to the IRS.

Print or type See Specific Instructions on page 2.	1 Name (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.	
	2 Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above	
	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only one of the following seven boxes: <input type="checkbox"/> Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC <input type="checkbox"/> Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership) ▶ _____ Note. For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the line above for the tax classification of the single-member owner. <input type="checkbox"/> Other (see instructions) ▶ _____	
	4 Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any) _____ Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any) _____ <small>(Applies to accounts maintained outside the U.S.)</small>	
	5 Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and address (optional)
	6 City, state, and ZIP code	
	7 List account number(s) here (optional)	

Part I Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see *How to get a TIN* on page 3.

Note. If the account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart on page 4 for guidelines on whose number to enter.

Social security number									
				-				-	
or									
Employer identification number									
				-					

Part II Certification

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me); and
2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding; and
3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and
4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 3.

Sign Here	Signature of U.S. person ▶	Date ▶
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General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at www.irs.gov/irw9.

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See *What is FATCA reporting?* on page 2 for further information.

Note. If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
2. The treaty article addressing the income.
3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details),

3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,

4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or

5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code* on page 3 and the separate instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see *Special rules for partnerships* above.

What is FATCA reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code* on page 3 and the instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; do not leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9.

a. **Individual.** Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note. ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

b. **Sole proprietor or single-member LLC.** Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.

c. **Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C Corporation, or S Corporation.** Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

d. **Other entities.** Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.

e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

Line 3

Check the appropriate box in line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box in line 3.

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the name on line 1 is an LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and enter "P" in the space provided. If the LLC has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and in the space provided enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If it is a single-member LLC that is a disregarded entity, do not check the "Limited Liability Company" box; instead check the first box in line 3 "Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC."

Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space in line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
- 2—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5—A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8—A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
- 11—A financial institution
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for . . .	THEN the payment is exempt for . . .
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)

B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities

C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities

D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)

F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state

G—A real estate investment trust

H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940

I—A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)

J—A bank as defined in section 581

K—A broker

L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)

M—A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note. You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on this page), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code* earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

3. Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).

5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
2. Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
3. Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
4. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee) b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee ¹ The actual owner ¹
5. Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
6. Grantor trust filing under Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))	The grantor ⁴
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7. Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
9. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
10. Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))	The trust

¹ List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

² Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

³ You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

⁴ List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 2.

***Note.** Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

Note. If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

LOAN AGREEMENT

Vermont State Revolving Fund

Loan RF1-266-3.0

Loan Amount: \$2,510,248.00

1. Town of Woodstock, the Municipality, hereby certifies to the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank ("Bond Bank") that:
 - (a) It will secure all state and federal permits, licenses and approvals necessary to construct and operate the improvements to be financed by the Loan (the "Project"), if any, as described in Exhibit A;
 - (b) It has established, or covenants with the Bond Bank to establish, by ordinance, rule or regulation, a rate charge or assessment schedule which will generate annually sufficient revenue to pay:
 - (i) Principal, administrative fees and interest of the Municipal Bond, as the same becomes due; and
 - (ii) reasonably anticipated cost of operating and maintaining the improvements to be financed by the Loan, if any, and the system of which is a part;
 - (c) It has duly established a fund under Title 24 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated, or by other means permitted by law which, for so long as the Municipal Bond shall remain outstanding, shall be maintained and replenished from time to time, and used solely to repair, replace, improve and enlarge the improvement to be financed by the Loan, if any.
2. The Municipality shall make funds sufficient to pay the principal, administrative fees and interest as the same matures (based upon the Maturity Schedule appended hereto as Exhibit C) available to the Bond Bank at least five business days prior to each principal payment date.
3. The Bond Bank and Municipality agree that Loan proceeds will be paid to the Municipality as Project costs are incurred and paid by the Municipality over the course of the Project, but in no event shall payments be made more often than monthly, and only on Municipality's certification, through its authorized representative, that such costs have been paid.
4. The Municipality is obligated to make the principal, administrative fee and interest portion of the Municipal Bond payments scheduled by the Bond Bank on an annual basis. The Municipality may prepay the Loan at its option without penalty.
5. Simultaneously with the delivery of the Municipal Bond and Certificate of Registration (Exhibit C) to the Bond Bank, the Municipality shall furnish to the Bond Bank an opinion of bond counsel satisfactory to the Bond Bank which shall set forth among other things the unqualified

approval of said Bond(s) then being delivered to the Bond Bank and that said Bond(s) will constitute valid and binding obligations of the Municipality.

6. The Municipality shall be obligated to inform in writing to the Bond Bank, or such agent designated by the Bond Bank, at least thirty days prior to each principal payment date of any changes to the name of the official or address to whom invoices for the payment of principal, administrative fees and interest should be sent.

7. The period of performance for this agreement begins upon execution and ends five years after execution.

8. Notwithstanding paragraph 15 hereof, prior to payment of the amount of the Loan, or any portion thereof, the Bond Bank shall have the right to cancel all or any part of its obligations hereunder and after payment of any portion thereof to require a refund of amounts paid if:

(a) Any representation made by the Municipality to the Bond Bank in connection with its application for a loan or additional loans shall be incorrect or incomplete in any material respect; or

(b) The Municipality has violated commitments made by it in its application and supporting documents or has violated any of the terms of this Loan Agreement.

9. The Municipality shall at all times comply with all applicable federal and state requirements pertaining to the Project, including but not limited to requirements of Federal Clean Water Act, Title 24 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated, and the list of Federal Laws and Authorities included as Exhibit B. The enumeration of the Federal Laws and Authorities in Exhibit B shall not be construed as a waiver by the Municipality of any exemption or exception, jurisdictional or otherwise.

10. If any provisions of this Loan Agreement shall for any reason be held to be invalid or unenforceable, the invalidity or unenforceability of such provision shall not affect any of the remaining provisions of this Loan Agreement and this Loan Agreement shall be construed and enforced as if such invalid or unenforceable provision had not been contained herein.

11. This Loan Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, any of which shall be regarded for all purposes as an original and all of which constitute but one and the same instrument. Each party agrees that it will execute any and all documents or other instruments, and take such other actions as are necessary, to give effect to the terms of this Loan Agreement.

12. No waiver by either party of any term or condition of the Loan Agreement shall be deemed or construed as a waiver of any other terms or conditions, nor shall a waiver of any breach be deemed to constitute a waiver of any subsequent breach, whether of the same or of a different section, subsection, paragraph, clause, phrase, or other provision of this Loan Agreement. Any delay in exercising rights or requirements of the Loan Agreement does not constitute a waiver of such rights or requirements.

13. The Municipality agrees to indemnify and hold the Bond Bank, the state, its officials, agents, and employees harmless from and against any and all claims, suits, actions, costs, and damages resulting from the negligent performance or non-performance by the Municipality or any of its officials, agents, or employees of the Municipality's obligations under this Agreement, as it may be amended or supplemented from time to time. It is further understood that such indemnity shall not be limited by an insurance coverage.
14. The Municipality agrees that the Loan will be adjusted upon final audit to an amount equal to or less than the project costs determined eligible by the Department of Environmental Conservation and recommended to the Bond Bank for loan participation.
15. The Municipality agrees that if actual final eligible costs are less than the amount paid under the Loan Agreement, repayment of the excess funds will be made within sixty days of the request made by the Department of Environmental Conservation.
16. Increases, amendments, or modifications to the project during construction will be processed for record keeping purposes only, except for the addition of major approved Project Elements, Exhibit A. The Loan Agreement will also be amended upon completion of the project based upon final audited eligible costs, and any increases in the Loan will be made contingent upon availability of funds. All Project records will be retained by the Municipality and made available for state inspection upon request for three years after Project completion or until any audit questions have been resolved, whichever is later.
17. The Municipality will obtain flood insurance for any insurable portion of the Project.
18. The Municipality agrees to use the loan proceeds solely for the project for which the loan is made and any approved amendments thereto. The Municipality further agrees to make prompt payment to the contractors and to apply any interest received to the Project. Once payment has been made to contractors, the applicant shall submit a payment request to the Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC). Funds will be disbursed from Federal Award ID Number CS500001## (## equals last two digits of award year). Upon disbursement, DEC will notify the Municipality of the standard terms and conditions applicable based on the exact amount of federal funds disbursed and relevant capitalization grant being drawn down. Please see <https://dec.vermont.gov/water-investment/water-financing/srf/reimbursement-help> for the standard terms and conditions. If the foregoing link is not accessible, contact DEC for assistance.
19. The terms of this Loan Agreement shall be controlling over those of any prior Agreement with respect to this Loan Agreement. However, this Loan Agreement shall not otherwise supersede the terms of any other agreements between the Municipality and the State.
20. The Municipality agrees to furnish to the Bond Bank such financial statements as the Bond Bank may reasonably request, which statements and supporting records shall be prepared and maintained in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

21. This agreement will be funded by approximately 80 percent federal funds. These funds are being awarded in accord with the Federal Clean Water State Revolving Fund, CFDA number 66.458, under the authority of the Environmental Protection Agency. This is not a research and development award. For any accounting year in which the Municipality expends Loan proceeds and other Federal funds of \$750,000.00 or more from all Federal sources, the Municipality shall have an audit performed in accord with the Federal Single Audit Act and furnish a copy to the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation within 9 months of the end of Municipality's accounting period.

22. By acceptance of this Agreement, the Municipality agrees to complete a Subrecipient Annual Report as provided by the Department of Finance. Prior to submitting the Subrecipient Annual Report, the Municipality must review previous fiscal year disbursements from the Facilities Engineering Division to determine the actual amount of federal funds disbursed from the loan proceeds. The Subrecipient Annual Report must then be submitted to the State of Vermont Department of Finance within 45 days after its fiscal year end, informing the State whether or not a single audit is required for the prior fiscal year. If a single audit is required, the Municipality will submit a copy of the audit report to the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation within 9 months of its fiscal year end. If a single audit is not required, only the Subrecipient Annual Report to the State Department of Finance is required.

23. The Municipality understands that the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act, which is codified at Subchapter IV of Chapter 31 of Title 40 of the United States Code and U.S. Department of Labor Memorandum No. 208 ("Memorandum 208"), may apply to the Project, and the Municipality certifies and agrees that with respect to the Project, it has complied and will continue to comply with the requirements of the Davis-Bacon Act and Memorandum 208, as applicable.

24. The effective date of the Loan Agreement is the execution date of the General Obligation Bond.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement.

Attest:



Secretary

Attest:

Clerk

VERMONT MUNICIPAL BOND BANK

By: 

Executive Director

Town of Woodstock

By: _____
Chair of the Governing Body

And by:

Treasurer

List of Loan Exhibits

EXHIBIT A: Project description and conditions

EXHIBIT B: List of Federal Laws and Authorities

EXHIBIT C: General Obligation Bond

EXHIBIT D: Resolution and Certificate

EXHIBIT A

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND CONDITIONS FOR THIS AGREEMENT

Description:

The construction loan is for the South Woodstock WWTF refurbishment project. It is being cofunded with PC Grant VT-362.

Conditions:

- 1) Repayment of this loan shall commence one (1) year after completion of the project.
- 2) The CWSRF program has determined that the expected weighted average useful life of the funded assets equals or exceeds the loan term.
- 3) The Applicant shall, as a condition of the loan, provide the Department with a digitally formatted copy of any plan or surveys developed with funds awarded under the loan, if the Applicant or any subcontractor develops plans or surveys in digital format. By acceptance of the loan, the Applicant agrees to pass through this requirement to any subcontracts awarded and funded by the loan. This condition is included pursuant to Section 56 of Act 233 of 1994. Such digital formats are subject to the Federal Freedom of Information Act and the State Access to Public Records and Document Statute and, unless otherwise restricted, the Department will release copies of such information to the general public upon request. It shall be acceptable to submit read only copies or copies marked archival copies only. The Applicant, by acceptance of this loan agrees not to copyright any plans or surveys developed pursuant to this action. Acceptable electronic formats include pdf and pdf/A.

EXHIBIT B

LIST OF FEDERAL LAWS AND AUTHORITIES WHERE APPLICABLE

ENVIRONMENTAL:

- “American Iron and Steel” requirements of P.L. 113-76 the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2014
- Archeological and Historic Preservation 16 USC §469a-1
- Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act, 16 USC §668-668c
- Clean Air Act, 42 USC §7401
- Coastal Barrier Resources Act, 16 USC §3501
- Coastal Zone Management 16 USC §1451
- Davis-Bacon Act (40 CFR '31.36(i)(5))
- Davis Bacon and Related Acts Wage Rate Requirements (29 CFR 5.5)
- Endangered Species Act, 16 USC §1531
- Floodplain Management, Executive Order 11988, as amended by Executive Order 12148
- Protection of Wetlands, Executive Order 11990 (1977) as amended by Executive Order 12608 (1997)
- Environmental Justice, Executive Order 12898
- Protection and Enhancement of the Cultural Environment, Executive Order 11990 (1977), as amended by Executive Order
- Farmland Protection Policy Act, 7 USC §4201
- Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act, 16 USC §661
- Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act, 16 USC §1801 *et seq.*
- Marine Mammal Protection Act, 16 USC §7703 *et seq.*
- Migratory Bird Act 16 USC Chapter 7, Subchapter II: Migratory Bird Treaty
- National Historic Preservation Act 54 USC § 300101 *et seq.*
- Rivers and Harbors Act, 33 USC §403
- Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 USC §300f
- Wild and Scenic Rivers Act 16 USC §1271

ECONOMIC:

- Demonstration Cities and Metropolitan Development Act of 1966, PL 89-754 as amended
- Section 306 of the Clean Air Act and Section 508 of the Clean Water Act, including Executive Order 11738, Administration of the Clean Air Act and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act with Respect to Federal Contracts, Grants, or Loans

SOCIAL LEGISLATION:

- Age Discrimination Act, PL 94-135
- Civil Rights Act of 1964, PL 88-352
- Disadvantaged Business Enterprise, 49 USC § 47113 - Minority and disadvantaged business participation

- Equal Employment Opportunity, Executive Order 11264
- Women's and Minority Business Enterprise, Executive Orders 11625 and 12138
- Section 13 of PL 92-500; Prohibition against sex discrimination under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- Rehabilitation Act of 1973, PL 93-112 (including Executive Orders 11914 and 11250)

MISCELLANEOUS AUTHORITY:

- Executive Order 12549 - Debarment and Suspension
- Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (P.L. 106-386)
- Uniform Relocation and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, PL 91-646
- Signage requirements per 2015 EPA guidance
- 2 CFR 200.216 and section 889 of Public Law 115-232, Prohibition of certain telecommunication and video surveillance services or equipment
- Build America, Buy America (BABA) provisions of the Federal Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
STATE OF VERMONT
Town of Woodstock
GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND

The Town of Woodstock (hereinafter called the “Municipality”), a body corporate and a political subdivision of the State of Vermont, promises to pay to the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank, or registered assigns, the not-to-exceed sum of \$2,510,248.00 with a preliminary interest at the rate of 0.00% per annum and with a preliminary administrative fee of 2.00%, subject to change based on final disbursed value, beginning on 12/1/2023 as follows:

[illegible]

EXHIBIT C

This Bond is payable in lawful money of the United States at People's United Bank in the City of Burlington, State of Vermont. Repayment terms shall comply with 24 V.S.A. Chapter 120, §4755 which prohibits deferral of payment. Final payment of this Bond shall be made upon surrender of this Bond for cancellation.

This Bond/Note is issued by the Municipality for the purpose of financing infrastructure improvements under and by virtue of Title 24, Vermont Statutes Annotated, and a vote of the legal voters of the Municipality duly passed on 3/3/2020.

This Bond is transferable only upon presentation to the Treasurer of the Municipality with a written assignment duly acknowledged or proved. No transfer hereof shall be effectual unless made on the books of the Municipality kept by the Treasurer as transfer agent and noted hereon by the Treasurer with a record of payments as provided hereon.

It is hereby certified and recited that all acts, conditions and things required to be done precedent to and in the issuing of this Bond have been done, have happened, and have been performed in regular and due form, as required by such law and vote, and for the assessment, collection and payment hereon of a tax to pay the same when due the full faith and credit of the Municipality are hereby irrevocably pledged.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the Municipality has caused this Bond to be signed by its Treasurer, and a majority of its Selectboard and its seal to be affixed hereto.

Town of Woodstock

By: _____

Majority of its Governing Body

Date _____

Treasurer

EXHIBIT C

\$2,510,248.00

Town of Woodstock

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION

It is hereby certified that this Bond is a fully registered Bond, payable only to the holder of record as appears of record in the office of the Treasurer of the issuing Municipality. This Bond may be transferred by presentation of the same with an assignment in writing signed by the registered holder. Presentation shall be made to the Treasurer of the Municipality at his office and he shall record such transfer in his records and on the Bond. The name and address of the original registered owner of this Bond is
Vermont Bond Bank, 100 Bank St, Suite 401, Burlington, VT 05402.

Treasurer

EXHIBIT D

RESOLUTION AND CERTIFICATE
(General Obligation)
(Vermont Clean Water State Revolving Fund)

WHEREAS, at meetings of the municipal legislative body of the Town of Woodstock (herein called the "Municipality") at each of which all or a majority of the members were present and voting, which meetings were duly noticed, called and held as appears of record, it was found and determined that the public interest and necessity required certain public wastewater improvements described in Exhibit A, and it was further found and determined that the cost of making such public improvements would be too great to be paid out of ordinary annual income and revenue, and that a proposal for providing such improvements and the issuance of bonds of the Municipality to pay for its share of the cost of the same was submitted to the legal voters at meetings thereof, and it was ordered, all of which action is hereby ratified and confirmed; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the foregoing action, at a meeting of the Municipality which was warned and held at the place and time appointed therefor, there was submitted a proposition to be voted upon by ballot between the hours stated in the Warning, all as appears by reference; and

WHEREAS, the said Warning was duly recorded, published and posted, and said meeting was duly convened and conducted, all as appears of record, and which proceedings are hereby ratified and confirmed in all respects; and

WHEREAS, immediately upon closing of the polls and after counting of the ballots cast, the results as set forth were declared by the moderator, all as appears of record, and pursuant to which the Municipality is carrying forward the authorized improvements and pursuing the same diligently to completion; and

WHEREAS, the Municipality has applied for financial assistance in making the authorized improvements which application has been approved by the Department of Environmental Conservation and the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank, as evidenced by the Funding Application Approval, the terms and conditions of which are found in Exhibit A; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to powers vested in them by law the said governing board is about to enter into a Loan Agreement on behalf of the Municipality with the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank respecting a Loan from said Bank in the amount of \$2,510,248.00 to be discounted by the amount of up to \$139,500, repayable with interest at the rate of 0.00% per annum, together with an administrative fee of 2.00%.

AND WHEREAS, the Bond to be given by the Municipality to the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank at the time of receiving the proceeds of said Loan shall be substantially in the form found in Exhibit C;

THEREFORE, be it resolved that the Governing Body proceed forthwith to cause said Bond to be executed and delivered to the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank upon the price and terms stated, and be registered as the law provides; and

EXHIBIT D

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Bond when issued and delivered pursuant to law and this Resolution shall be the valid and binding obligation of the said Municipality, payable according to law and the terms and tenor thereof from unlimited ad valorem taxes on the grand list of taxable property of said Municipality as established, assessed, apportioned and provided by law; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that in addition to all other taxes, there shall annually be assessed and collected in the manner provided by law each year until the Bond, or any bond or bonds issued to refund or replace the same, is fully paid, a tax, charge or assessment sufficient to pay the note and bond or bonds as the same shall become due; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that execution of the above-referenced Loan Agreement between the Municipality and the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank is hereby authorized, the presiding officer of the legislative body and Treasurer of the borrower being directed to execute said Loan Agreement on behalf of the Municipality and the legislative branch thereof; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Municipality expressly incorporates into this Resolution each and every term, provision, covenant and representation set forth at length in Exhibit A to be delivered in connection with the issuance and sale of the Bond, execution and delivery of each of which is hereby authorized, ratified and confirmed in all respects, and the covenants, representations and undertakings set forth at length in said Loan Agreement are incorporated herein by reference; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that all acts and things heretofore done by the lawfully constituted officers of the Municipality, and any and all acts or proceedings of the Municipality and of its Governing Body, in, about or concerning the improvements hereinabove described and of the issuance of evidence of debt in connection therewith, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that in connection with the pending sale of the Bond in the face amount of \$2,510,248.00 to the Vermont Municipal Bond Bank, execution and delivery of the Bond, this Resolution Certificate, Loan Agreement and incidental documents, all attached hereto, are authorized; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that People's United Bank in the City of Burlington, Vermont, is hereby designated the Municipality's paying agent with respect to the Bond and the Loan Agreement.

And we, the undersigned officers, as indicated, hereby certify that we as such officers have signed the Bond payable as aforesaid, and reciting that it is issued under and pursuant to the vote herein above mentioned, and we also certify that the Bond is duly registered in the office of the Treasurer of the Municipality as prescribed by law.

And we, the said officers of the Municipality, hereby certify that we are the duly chosen, qualified and acting officers of the Municipality as undersigned; that the Bond is issued pursuant to said authority; that no other proceedings relating thereto have been taken; and that no such authority or proceeding has been repealed or amended.

EXHIBIT D

We further certify that no litigation is pending or threatened affecting the validity of the Bond nor the levy and collection of taxes, charges or assessments to pay it, nor the works of improvement financed by the proceeds of the Bond, and that neither the corporate existence of the Municipality nor the title of any of us to our respective offices is being questioned.

ATTEST:

Town of Woodstock

Clerk

By: _____

Majority of its Governing Body

And By:

Its Treasurer



Instructions: To authorize recurring distributions from the VT EPA State Revolving Funds ("SRF") through Payment Requests filed with the Department of Environmental Conservation ("DEC") for your SRF loan, please complete this form, sign and date it, and return it along with your signed Loan Agreement to the Vermont Bond Bank ("VBB").

Account Information

Borrower's Name	Woodstock
SRF Loan Number	RF1-266-3.0
"On-Request" distributions will be made to borrowers based on Payment Request(s) that have been filed with and approved by the DEC and VBB.	

Distribution Information

<input type="checkbox"/>	By ACH Transfer To: Name of Receiving Bank	
	Receiving Bank Routing Number	
	Account Number at Receiving Bank	
	Account Type (Checking or Saving)	
	Account Name	
OR		
<input type="checkbox"/>	By Check Payable to (Name):	
	Address:	

Distribution Agreement & Signature

_____ ("Borrower") hereby requests that funds be transferred or checks be issued from the appropriate State Revolving Fund Account in accordance with the instructions provided above. By signing below I, as an authorized representative of the Borrower, have verified the accuracy of the instructions. For any non-People's account, Borrower has provided a copy of a voided check or pre-printed deposit slip. Further, Borrower understands that the People's United Bank ("Bank") is not responsible for the correctness or timeliness of the posting of funds by the receiving financial institution, if other than the Bank. This authorization shall remain in effect until a new form is filed with the Bank, or until it is revoked by Borrower in writing. If Borrower has authorized "on-request" transfers above, the Bank may rely upon Borrower's authorized representative's direction to process a distribution based on the above instructions to my account. Borrower agrees to periodically review its bank account statement and bring any discrepancies to the Bank's attention.

Borrower's Authorized Signature

Print Name

Date

VBB Distribution Acknowledgment & Signature

Michael Gaughan

3/31/2022

Executive Director Signature

Print Name

Date